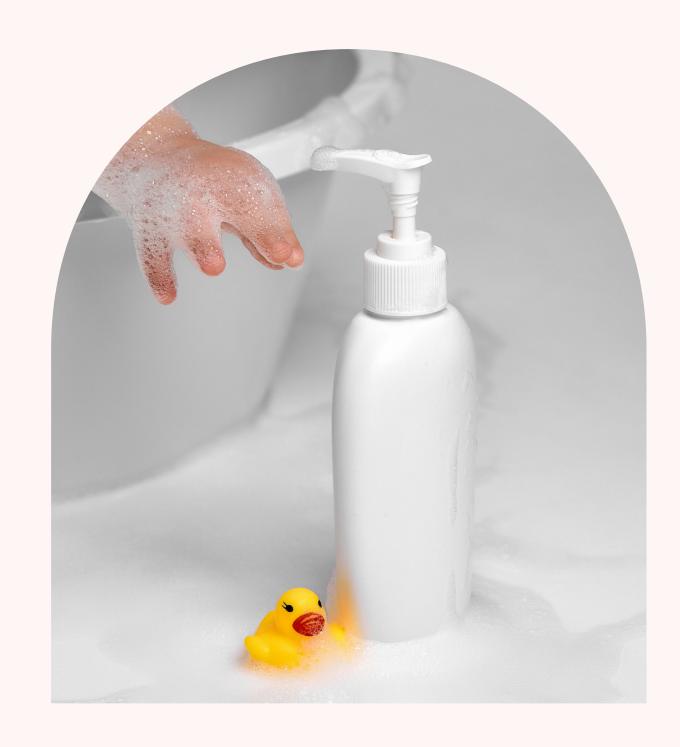


WORKSHOP

# Simple Steps to Detoxify Your Personal Care Products

Protect your family's health with simple, actionable steps to reduce your toxic burden

Dr. Yvonne Burkart, PhD, DABT Board-Certified Toxicologist





## What You'll Learn

- Basic Toxicology
- 2 Why do we need low tox products?
- Which products should we swap first?
- Toxic and Low Tox-Friendly ingredients to look for



## Hi, I'm Dr. Yvonne!

- PhD in Environmental Toxicology
- Board-Certified by the American Board of Toxicology
- 21-year veteran of Toxicology
- Ex-flavor & fragrance industry
- Mom of 2 girls
- Creator of the Safe Ingredient Academy
- @dryvonneburkart





# What is toxic exposure?

A direct or an indirect contact with any natural or man-made substances or agents that can lead to adverse effects in body structure or function, including illness or death.



# Sources of Toxic Exposure

Social

#### **Ecosystems**

Food outlets, alcohol outlets
Built environment and
urban land uses
Population density
Walkability
Green/blue space

estyle

#### Lifestyle

Physical activity Sleep behavior Diet Drug use Smoking Alcohol use

#### Social

Household income Inequality Social capital Social networks Cultural norms Cultural capital Psychological and mental stress

### Physical-Chemical

Temperature/humidity
Electromagnetic fields
Ambient light
Odor and noise
Point, line sources, e.g,
factories, ports
Outdoor and indoor air

Outdoor and indoor air pollution

Agricultural activities, livestock

Pollen/mold/fungus

Pesticides

Fragrance products

Flame retardants (PBDEs)

Persistent organic pollutants

Plastic and plasticizers

Food contaminants

Soil contaminants

Drinking water contamination

Groundwater contamination

Surface water contamination

Occupational exposures







# Routes of Toxic Exposure

- Intravenous\*
- Inhalation
- Oral ingestion
- Dermal (skin)
- Ocular (eyes)

\*not applicable for beauty & personal care products



### ENVIRONMENT DETERMINES HEALTH

 Up to 90% of cancer caused by environmental stressors like toxic chemicals (PMID: 26675728)

> Genetics do not influence health outcomes as much as previously assumed



CHEMICALS IN EVERYDAY PRODUCTS CAN GET ABSORBED INTO THE BLOODSTREAM, LEADING TO SYSTEMIC TOXICITY

• Switching to products free of [endocrine disruptors] reduced the levels found in adolescent girls on average about 35% in just 3 days (PMID: 26947464)

• Synthetic UV filter chemicals were systemically absorbed and had plasma concentrations that surpassed the FDA threshold (PMID: 31961417)



### ENDOCRINE DISRUPTORS

 Effects can be transgenerational by changing the way our genes are expressed (epigenetic)

> Predispose us to diseases in adulthood and these diseases can be passed down to future generations (PMID: 31077281)



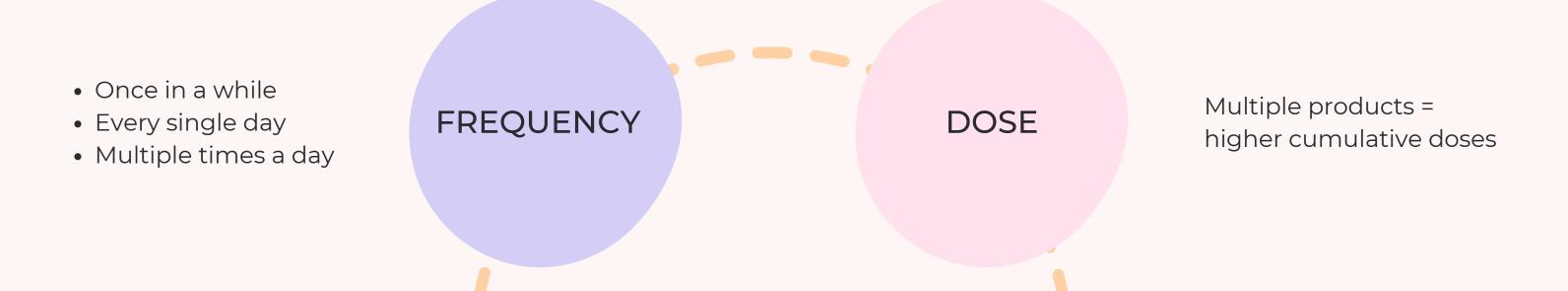
CHEMICALS IN CONSUMER PRODUCTS CAN VOLATILIZE, ATTACH TO HOUSE DUST, AND GET RECIRCULATED

> Volatile chemicals in consumer products, such as fragrances, can attach to house dust and get recirculated (PMID: 29529574)

 Children, especially babies who crawl and put things in their mouths, are at particularly high risk of exposure through contaminated dust.



# Factors That Influence Toxicity



- Rinse-off
- Leave-on

DURATION ROUTE OF EXPOSURE

Inhalation is most risky route for beauty & personal care products



# How are cosmetics regulated?

- No pre-market approval needed in US and EU (other countries follow same guidelines) *EU is more strict!*
- Not listed on the label
  - Contaminants like carcinogens & industrial solvents that remain in the product
  - "Fragrance" can contain hundreds of chemical compounds that DO NOT have to be disclosed by the manufacturer (likely a source of endocrine disrupting phthalates)







ALL BABY & KIDS PRODUCTS ESPECIALLY TOOTHPASTE, HAIR CARE AND BODY LOTION

- Children are highly sensitive to toxic exposure
- Absorption through the oral route is generally higher risk
- Scalp absorption is high due to large volume of hair follicles
- Body lotion covers large areas resulting in potentially higher doses







PRODUCTS THAT CAN BE INHALED:
AIR FRESHENERS, CANDLES, FRAGRANCES,
ANYTHING THAT CAN BE SPRAYED (SUNSCREEN,
DRY SHAMPOO, TONER, HAIR SPRAY, DEODORANT)

- Inhalation risks have greatest concerns
- Synthetic fragrances are code for "phthalates" (endocrine disruptors)
- Avoid all aerosols (possible carcinogenic benzene contamination)
- Fragrances release volatile organic compounds





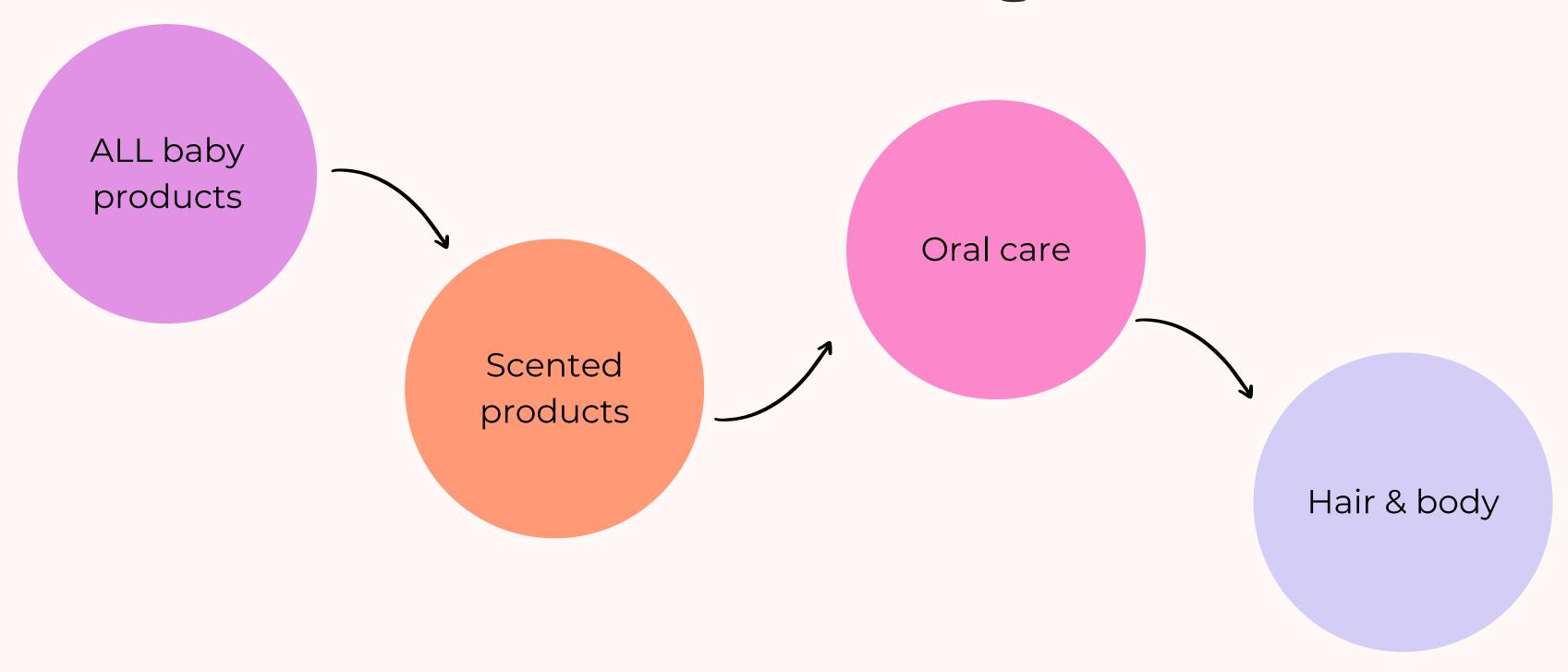


PRODUCTS THAT GO ON OR IN YOUR MOUTH:
TOOTHPASTE, MOUTH WASH, DENTAL FLOSS, LIP BALM,
COSMETICS

- Absorption through oral cavity can be high
- Multiple daily uses = higher risks





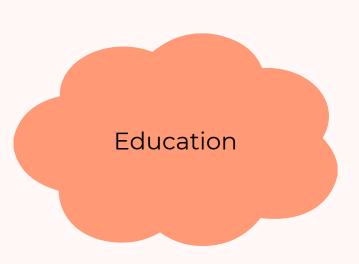




The keys to long-term low tox success

Goals

Intentions





Practice

Reading labels



## Worst Toxic Ingredients to Avoid

• "Fragrance" can encompass any combination of nearly 4000 chemicals including carcinogens, endocrine disruptors, and allergens (IFRA Transparency List)

#### • Ethoxylates

- Likely contain carcinogenic contaminant 1,4-dioxane and remnants of ethylene oxide)
- Look for "-eth" at the ending of the ingredient name
- Surfactants like sodium laureth sulfate
- Polyethylene glycol (PEG-#)
  - Contaminated with: 1,4-dioxane, formaldehyde, and polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons from petroleum





# Worst Toxic Ingredients to Avoid

- Formaldehyde sources
  - o PEG-#
  - o Preservatives: DMDM hydantoin, Quaternium-15
- Talc
  - Contains asbestos
- per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS)
  - Waterproofing agents
  - o "fluoro" on the label
  - Avoid all waterproof or long-wear products
- Parabens
  - Preservatives with estrogenic activity





## Low Tox-Friendly Ingredients

- Minimally processed & organic are ideal
- Plant ingredients
  - Butters
  - Oils
  - Extracts
  - Essences
  - Juice
  - Pulp
- Surfactants
  - Soap berries & nuts
- Preservatives
  - Sodium anisate
  - Sodium levulinate





# Low Tox Product Swaps











WELEDA

**RISEWELL** 

**BABY WASH** 

KIDS TOOTHPASTE



# Low Tox Product Swaps





SUNSCREEN SHAMPOO



# Key Takeaways

- Environmental exposures play a greater role in our health than genetics, as previously thought
- Toxicants in personal care products contribute to our toxic load
- Personal care products are not tightly regulated and manufacturers are legally allowed to sell products that contain chemicals of concern
- By switching to low tox products we can reduce our exposure to toxic ingredients and improve our health outcomes
- Always read the label